Educational Topic 39:
Chronic Pelvic Pain

Rationale: Chronic pelvic pain may be a manifestation of a variety of gynecologic and non-gynecologic conditions.

A student should be able to:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Intended Learning Outcomes</th>
<th>Level of Competence</th>
<th>Instructional Method</th>
<th>Assessment Method</th>
<th>ACGME Competency</th>
<th>Hot Topics</th>
<th>APGO eResources</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A. Define chronic pelvic pain</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>CBL, CB, IL, L</td>
<td>MCQ, OE</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>PM</td>
<td>OTC, uW</td>
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<tr>
<td>B. Define prevalence and common etiologies of chronic pelvic pain</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>CBL, CE, IL, L</td>
<td>MCQ, OE</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>PM</td>
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<td>C. Describe the symptoms and physical exam findings in a patient with chronic pelvic pain</td>
<td>KH</td>
<td>CBL, CE, IL, L</td>
<td>MCQ, OSCE, OE</td>
<td>A, B</td>
<td>PM</td>
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<tr>
<td>D. Discuss evaluation and management options for chronic pelvic pain</td>
<td>KH</td>
<td>CBL, CE, IL, L</td>
<td>CDR, CK, MCQ, OSCE, OE</td>
<td>A, B, F</td>
<td>PH, PM</td>
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<td>E. Discuss the psychosocial issues associated with chronic pelvic pain</td>
<td>KH</td>
<td>CBL, CE, IL, L</td>
<td>MCQ, OSCE, OE</td>
<td>A, B</td>
<td>PM</td>
<td></td>
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