

# Educational Topic 55: Ovarian Neoplasms

## Rationale:

Adnexal masses are a common finding in both symptomatic and asymptomatic patients. Appropriate evaluation is essential in the differentiation between benign and malignant neoplasms. Social and environmental factors, including economic, ethnic and racial disparities in access to care, may influence early recognition, proper evaluation and health outcomes.

## Student should be able to:

Intended Learning Outcomes	Level of Competence	Instructional Method	Assessment Method	ACGME Competency	HSS	Emerging Topics	APGO eResources	EPA
A. Describe the initial management of a patient with an adnexal mass, with consideration of value-based care	KH	AL, CE, DT, IL	CDR, CP, MCQ, OE, OSCE	ICS, MK, PC, SBP	PS, QI, VBC		OTC, uW	1, 2, 3, 4
B. Compare the characteristics of functional cysts, benign ovarian neoplasms and ovarian cancers	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	MCQ, OE	MK			OTC, uW	2
C. List the risk factors and protective factors for ovarian cancer, with consideration of population health implications and the impact of social and environmental factors	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	CP, MCQ, OE	MK	PH, PS, SD	GE, RX	BSV, OTC, uW	1, 2
D. Describe the symptoms and physical findings associated with ovarian cancer	KH	AL, CE, DT, IL, S	MCQ, OE, OSCE	ICS, MK, PC	PH, PS	PM	OTC, uW	1, 2
E. Describe the three histological categories of ovarian neoplasms	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	MCQ, OE	ICS, MK		BSR	BSV, OTC, uW	