

# Educational Topic 23: Third Trimester Bleeding

## Rationale:

Bleeding in the third trimester requires prompt evaluation and management to reduce maternal and fetal morbidity and mortality.

## Student should be able to:

Intended Learning Outcomes	Level of Competence	Instructional Method	Assessment Method	ACGME Competency	HSS	Emerging Topics	APGO eResources	EPA
A. List the causes of third trimester bleeding, with an understanding of social, ethnic and racial disparities in access to care and health outcomes	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	MCQ, OE	MK, P	PH, PS, SD	BSR	BSV, OTC, uW	1, 2
B. Describe the initial evaluation of a patient with third trimester bleeding	KH	AL, CE, DT, IL, S	CDR, CP, MCQ, OE, OSCE	ICS, MK, PC	IP, PS	BSR	OTC, uW	1, 2, 3
C. Provide a differential diagnosis for the cause of third trimester bleeding	KH	AL, CE, DT, IL, S	MCQ, OE, OSCE	MK, PC			BSV, OTC, uW	2
D. List the maternal and fetal complications of placenta previa and placental abruption, and role of patient safety and quality improvement systems to optimize care	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	MCQ, OE	MK, SBP	HP, IP, PH, PS, QI, VCB	BSR	OTC, uW	7, 10, 11, 13
E. Describe the initial evaluation and management plan for acute blood loss, including the role of an interprofessional team to ensure patient safety	KH	AL, CE, DT, IL, S	CDR, CP, MCQ, OE, OSCE	ICS, MK, PC, SBP	HP, IP, PH, PS, QI, VBC	SS	OTC, uW	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10

Intended Learning Outcomes	Level of Competence	Instructional Method	Assessment Method	ACGME Competency	HSS	Emerging Topics	APGO eResources	EPA
F. List the indications and potential complications of blood product transfusion, with consideration of value-based care and patient safety	K	AL, CE, DT, IL	MCQ, OE	MK, PC, SBP	PS, QI, VBC	E	OTC, uW	11, 13

